Actimize

Best Practices Guide

Seven Key Focus
Areas to Drive
Effective KYC/CDD



Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

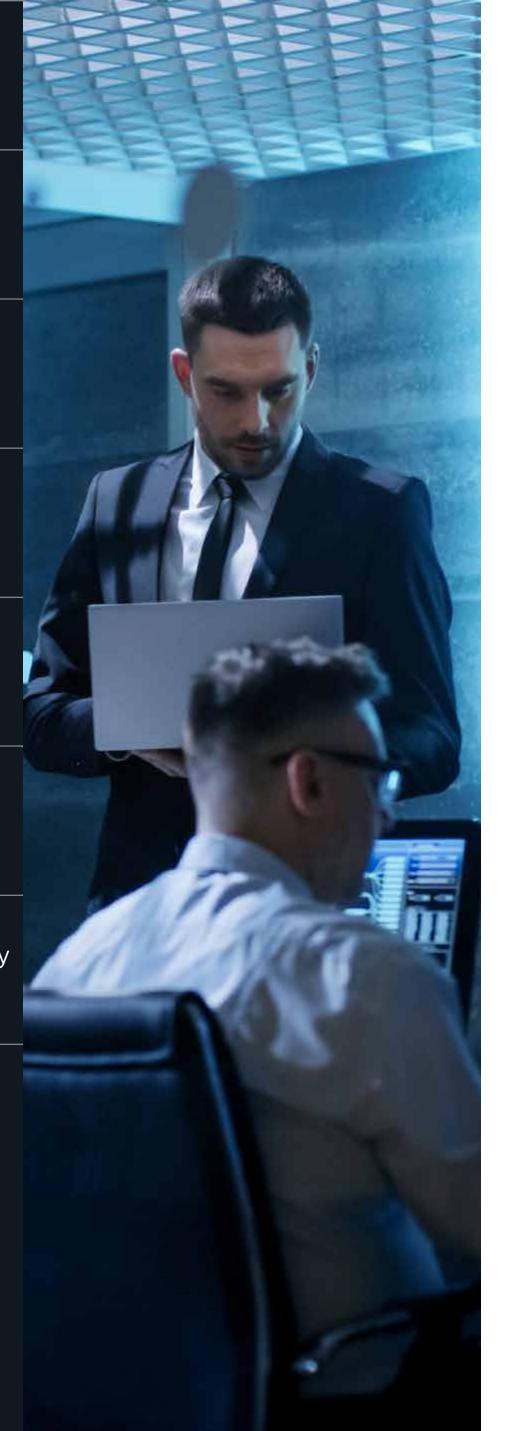
Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change





Why KYC/CDD Needs a New Approach

Seven Key Focus Areas to Drive Effective KYC/CDD

The traditional approach to Know Your Customer (KYC) and Customer Due Diligence (CDD) isn't working anymore. Manual data gathering, periodic reviews, and disconnected systems—they all lead to unnecessary increases in risk exposure for your financial institution (FI). The legacy approach can result in missed information, an inaccurate understanding of customer risk, and ultimately, misaligned customer risk scoring.

This can have serious ramifications across the customer life cycle, from unknowingly onboarding high-risk customers, or even criminals, to inaccurate monitoring of customer activity and not identifying suspicious activity.

Fls need to adapt, break down silos between departments, use available information and modernize their technology to better manage their KYC/CDD processes. This will increase risk scoring accuracy and deliver a better customer experience while reducing friction.

The foundational requirement of an effective CDD program is understanding your customers.

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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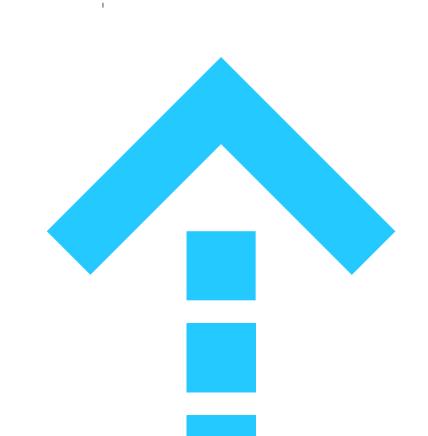
Seven Key Focus Areas to Drive Effective KYC/CDD

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Improve CDD Practices

How can you achieve an effective CDD program? By focusing on these seven key areas:





Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Focus Area 1: Capture Critical Customer Information

Capturing critical data from the start sets up CDD and downstream practices for success. To properly determine customer risk, it's critical to collect accurate information and documentation.

Any effective onboarding process starts with collecting information directly from the potential customer. Collecting the critical data elements from your customer is an important step that helps you determine two things:

- If customers are who they say they are
- Insight into their expected behavior

Many onboarding processes are now digital, making it even more important that the critical information is captured to validate and verify the customer.





Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

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Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

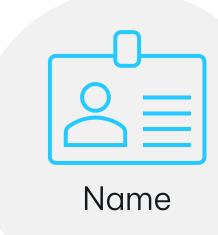
Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



Data collected by Fls during onboarding typically includes customer profile data and risk related data.

Examples of customer profile data:









Examples of risk related data:









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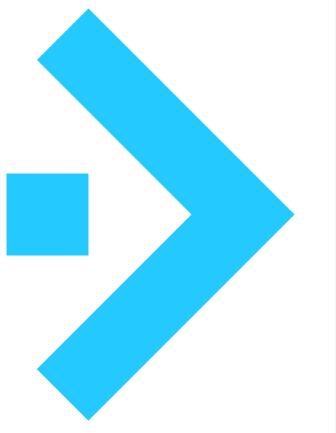
Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



Retail vs. Corporate Onboarding

Onboarding for retail and corporate customers varies, as regulations require different information to verify the identity of the entity and evaluate the risk level. For corporations, it's important to understand the structure of the organization, especially the ultimate beneficial owners, the industry, type of business, and jurisdictions it operates in.

Information required for retail and corporate onboarding include, but are not limited to:



Retail Onboarding

- Individual's identity documents (name and DoB)
- Address
- Occupation
- Income
- Purpose of the account
- Expected transaction frequency and volume

Corporate Onboarding

- Identity of owners and controllers
- Corporate registration documents
- Address and jurisdictions of operation
- Nature of business
- Source of funds
- Purpose of the account
- Expected transaction frequency and volume

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

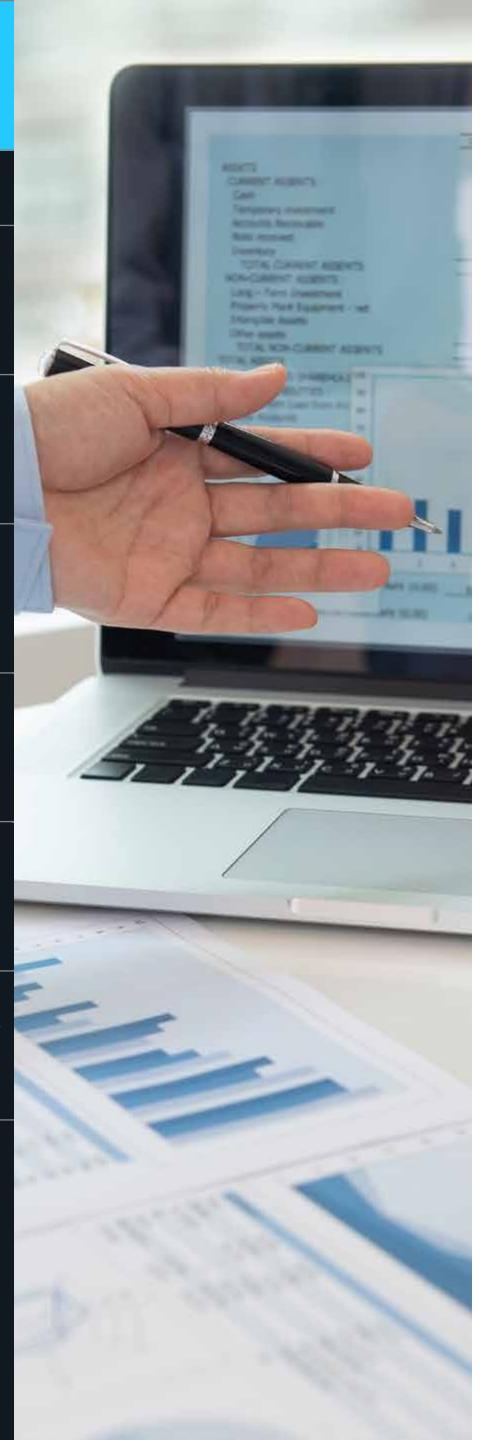
Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Considerations for Capturing Critical Customer Information

The initial information captured has a big impact on the rest of the CDD process, so it's important to ensure the quality and completeness of the data. Questions to ask include:

- How dynamic is the onboarding process?
- How do you categorize the information you have gathered?
- Where are the bottlenecks in the onboarding process?
- What controls exist to ensure all relevant data is captured?
- What sources did you use to gather the data?
- What is the governance process at the onboarding stage, and does it align to your organization's risk-based approach?

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

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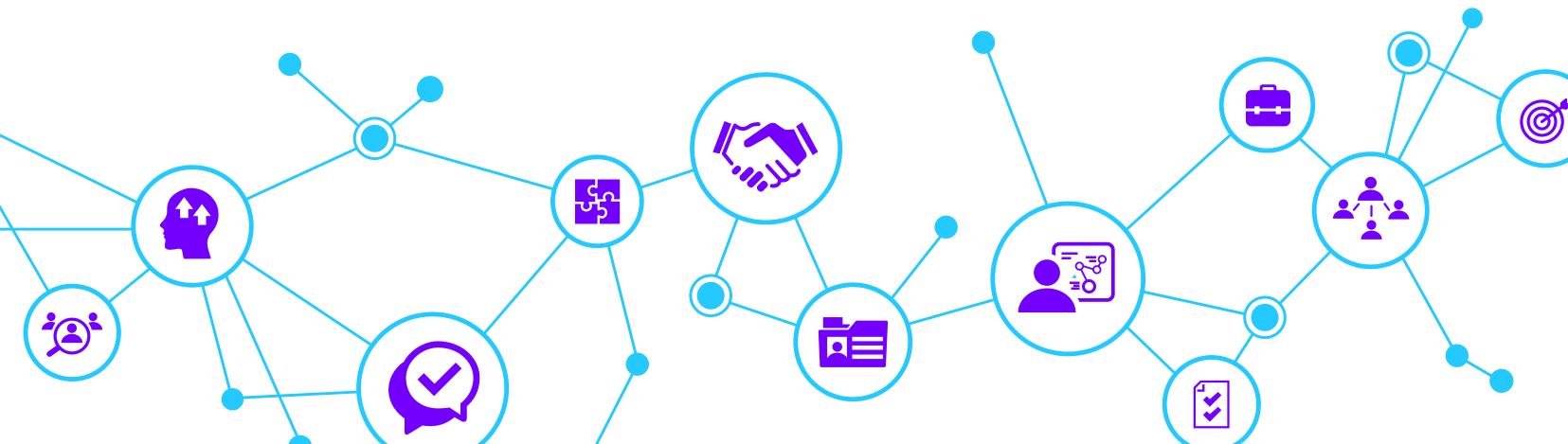
Focus Area 6: Review

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Fls need to decrease the number of touch points to lower customer friction and improve customer onboarding. Seamlessly moving from data collection to verification with increased use of automation and machine learning will speed up onboarding, increase accuracy, and reduce repeated customer outreach. In our digital world, less information is required upfront as there are ample authoritative sources banks can leverage to enrich and validate customer profiles. To expedite onboarding, firms need to strike the right balance: Capture the critical customer information from the start, without overburdening the customer with unnecessary or repeated questions, but obtain sufficient information to derive an accurate risk profile and risk score.

New machine learning technology can aid with auto-populating onboarding information, even from trusted third-party data sources, and assist with dynamic flow of onboarding and decrease complexity. This ensures the right questions are asked and the correct information is captured. Limiting customer contact and increasing the accuracy of information to better understand the risk lowers friction in the customer experience.



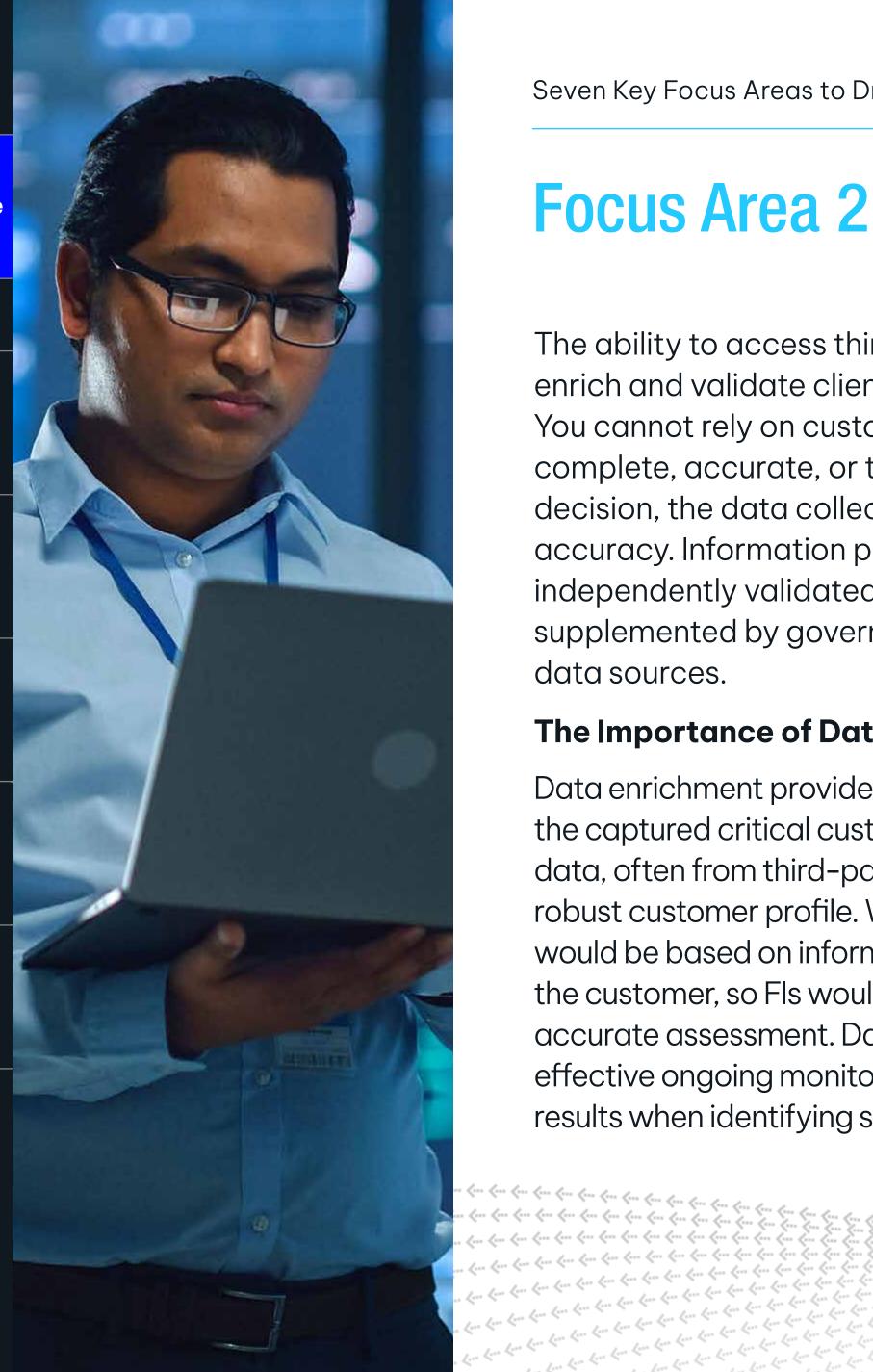
Focus Area 3: Ensure **Consolidated Entity Profiles**

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Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

The ability to access third-party data in real-time to enrich and validate client provided information is essential. You cannot rely on customer-provided information being complete, accurate, or truthful. Before making an onboarding decision, the data collected needs to be checked for accuracy. Information provided by the customer must be independently validated and verified, and compared to and supplemented by government, public, and private third-party data sources.

The Importance of Data Enrichment

Data enrichment provides valuable insight by supplementing the captured critical customer information with additional data, often from third-party sources, enabling Fls to build a robust customer profile. Without data enrichment, risk decisions would be based on information primarily provided directly by the customer, so Fls would not be able to perform the most accurate assessment. Data enrichment also enables more effective ongoing monitoring of customers, with more accurate results when identifying suspicious activity.



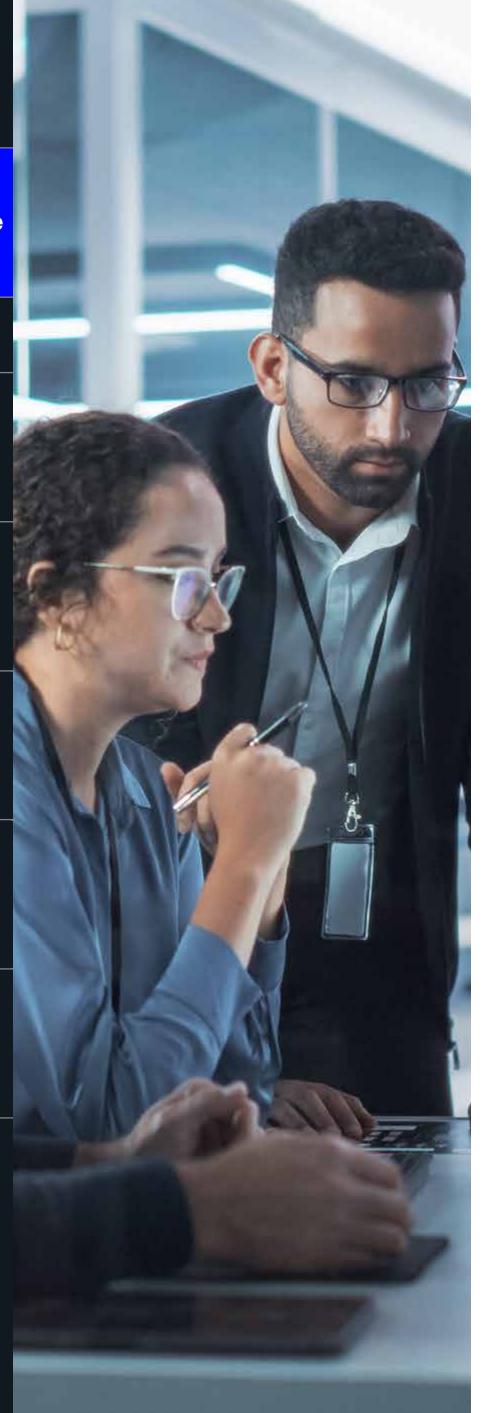
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Challenges Associated with Data Enrichment and Validation:

- Data enrichment can be time consuming and complicated by large and complex data sets
- Information is often located in multiple external data sources so human error can result in missed information or misinterpreted assessment of the data
- Quality data is essential but can be difficult and costly to access
- Conflicting data can lead to problems with validation
- Checking data against an untrusted source can result in incorrect data validation
- Variables in data structure can prolong the data enrichment process
- Data gets stale, leaving the customer profile outdated
- Poor quality of existing data lessens the effectiveness of data enrichment



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Considerations for Data Enrichment and Validation Processes

Data enrichment and validation are important to creating a robust and accurate customer profile. To enhance effectiveness, data needs to be high quality and usable. Questions to ask to improve data enrichment and validation include:

- How do you collect enrichment data (manual or automated)?
- How is the data validated and verified?
- What checks are in place to ensure the data validation and verification sources are accurate and trusted?
- When was the data last updated?
- How is the data used by your systems and teams?

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

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Achieving Effective Data Enrichment

To achieve effective data enrichment, Fls need to:

- Use technology tools to assist in fast and accurate data gathering
- Aggregate the information from trusted global sources into a single point
- Continuously monitor data sources for any changes
- Compile one, comprehensive customer profile with collected data

The benefits of effective data enrichment include:

- Better risk management and ratings with access to all relevant information
- Faster onboarding and due diligence
- Lower customer friction
- Fewer manual processes
- More informed decisions
- Regulatory compliance with a full audit trail
- More cost-effective

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

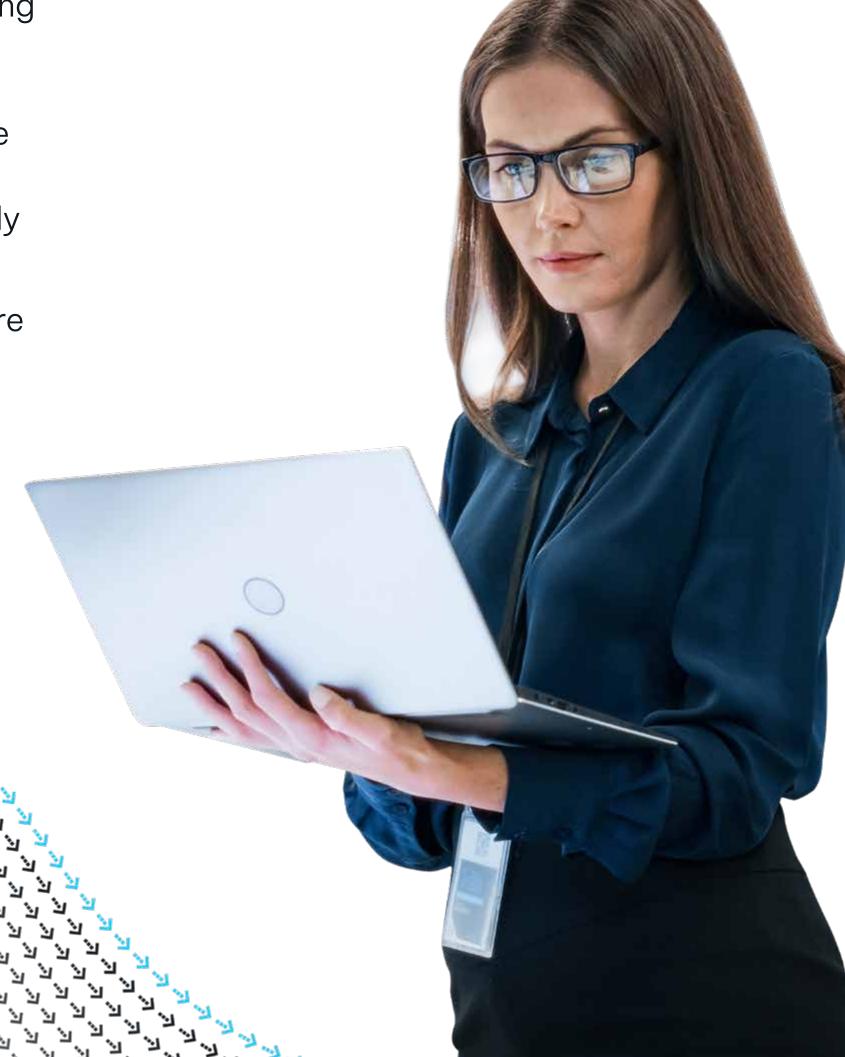
Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



By using the latest advances in technology and using third-party data sources, information is not only validated and verified, but also acquired and used to enrich the customer profile. With comprehensive information gathered from internal and external sources, profiles are comprehensive and accurately reflect the risk posed by the customer.

Information should be assessed frequently to ensure it is valid and current.



Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure **Consolidated Entity Profiles**

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Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Identity resolution should not be underestimated. Data obtained from various sources, as well as multiple disconnected internal customer record databases, can lead to disconnected and duplicated customer records.

Duplicate records result in an incomplete picture of the customer, meaning:

- Risk indicators for customers may be missed
- Customers may be assigned the wrong risk rating
- Downstream monitoring of customers could be ineffective due to incorrect customer segmentation

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Suspicious activity may be missed

Identity resolution links related customer records from across the firm and uncovers hidden relationships. Resolving entities is important to accurately understand the customer and their relationships, enabling more effective risk rating.

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles



Focus Area 4: Screen

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Considerations for Effective Identity Resolution



On average, financial institutions can deduplicate

15% of records

To ensure connected customer profiles, here are some questions to answer:

- Where could duplication of customer records occur?
- How is third-party data associated with the correct customer?
- What is the true extent of duplicate records within your FI?
- How does your FI check for and identify duplicate records during CDD, and how often?
- What action is your FI taking to reduce duplication?

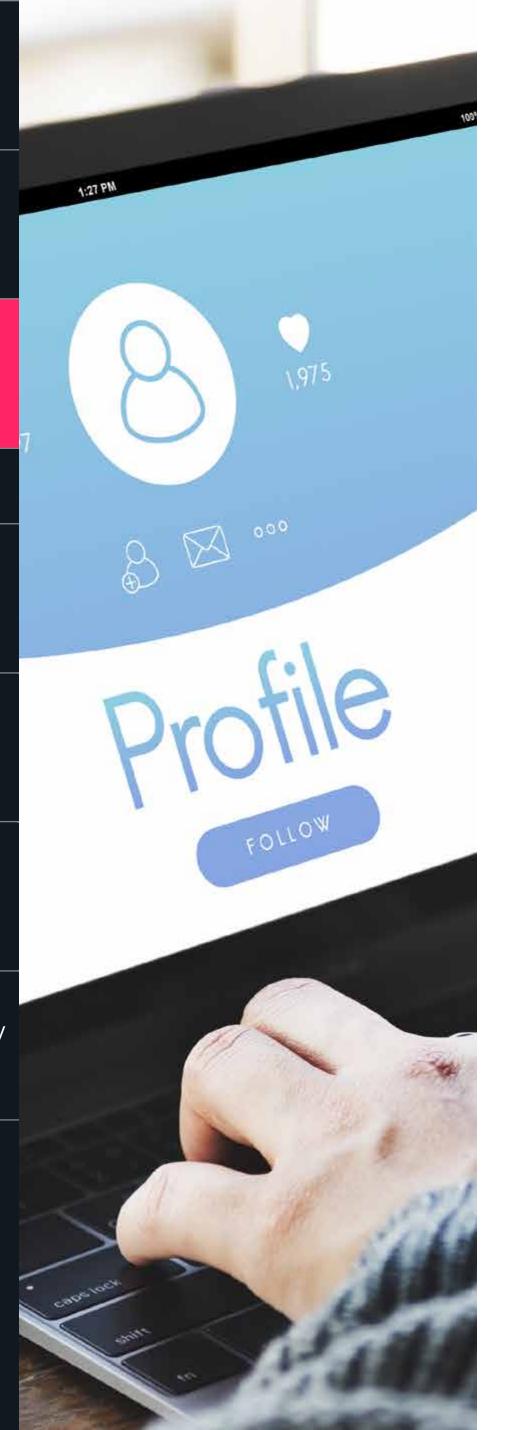
Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

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Focus Area 6: Review

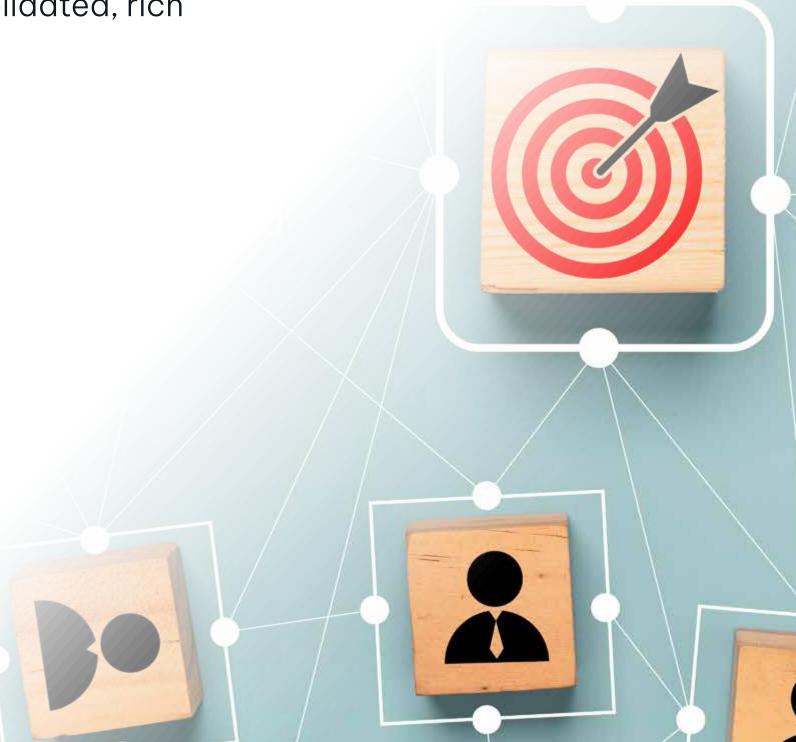
Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change

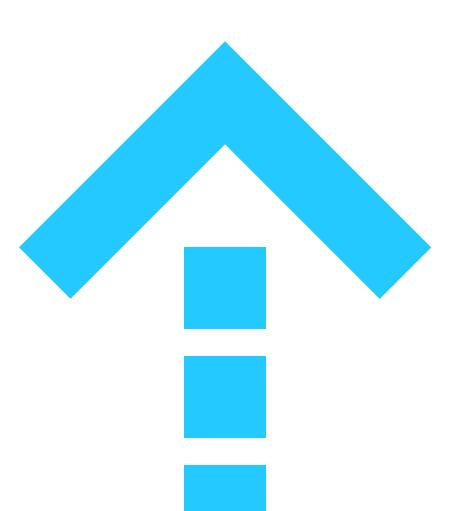


Creating a Holistic Customer Profile

With identity resolution tools, Fls can deduplicate customer records to ensure a holistic view of the customer. By assessing internal, external, and changing enrichment data, identity resolution tools identify what entities are associated with which data.

Identity resolution finds the same attributes across entity records and determines what is duplicated or related. With identity resolution, Fls can ensure consolidated, rich customer profiles.





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Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

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Enhance Customer Profiles with Network Risk Analytics

Network risk analytics is an exciting technology development that uses data to build links and connections between entities, uncovering and visualizing relationships. Internal customer data and third-party data are used to identify direct and indirect links between entities.

With this technology, Fls are able to understand connections between individuals or corporates through shared attribution data such as addresses, phone numbers, device IDs, or email addresses. By using network analytics, Fls are able to more accurately define risk levels by understanding the customer's relationship network.



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

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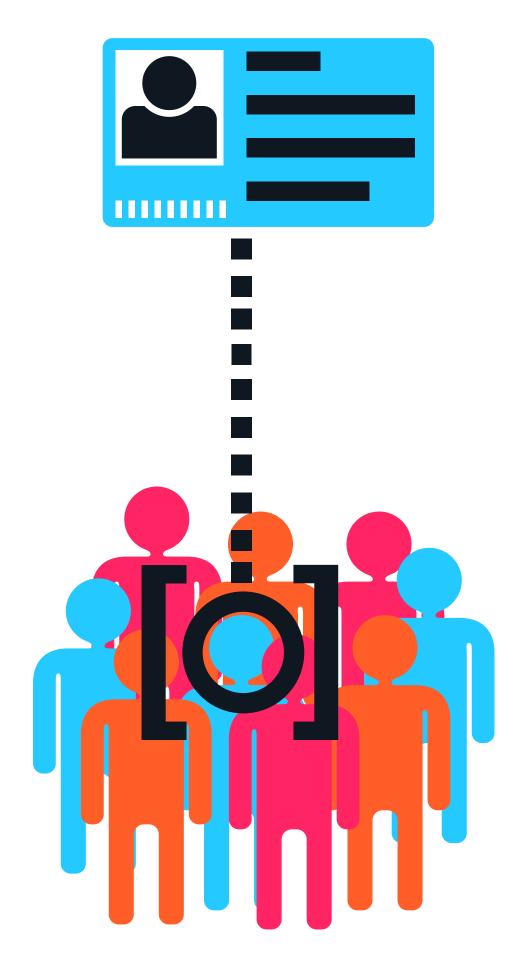
At this stage of CDD it is important to:

- 1. Screen customers against watchlists to identify additional risks
- 2. Understand if, as a result of a hit against a watchlist, a customer should be high-risk or unable to hold a business relationship with the organization

Often, primarily when it comes to corporate entities, associated entities are also screened to better understand the risk of the entity being onboarded or remediated. Not only is this a critical step in the customer risk assessment, it's also a regulatory requirement.

Customers are screened against government and other trusted third-party lists to determine politically exposed persons (PEPs), sanctions, or if there is adverse media or other identifiable information which will impact their risk profile.

Customers must be screened during onboarding and on an ongoing basis to capture any change to their overall risk.



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Customers

Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

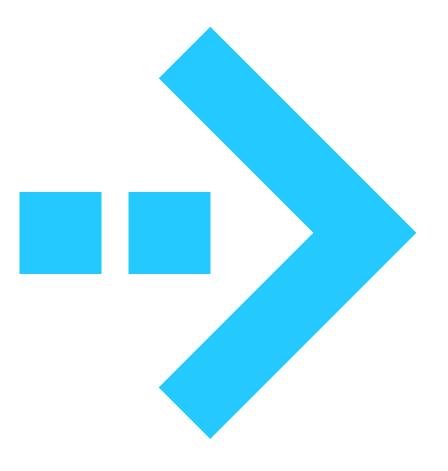
Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change

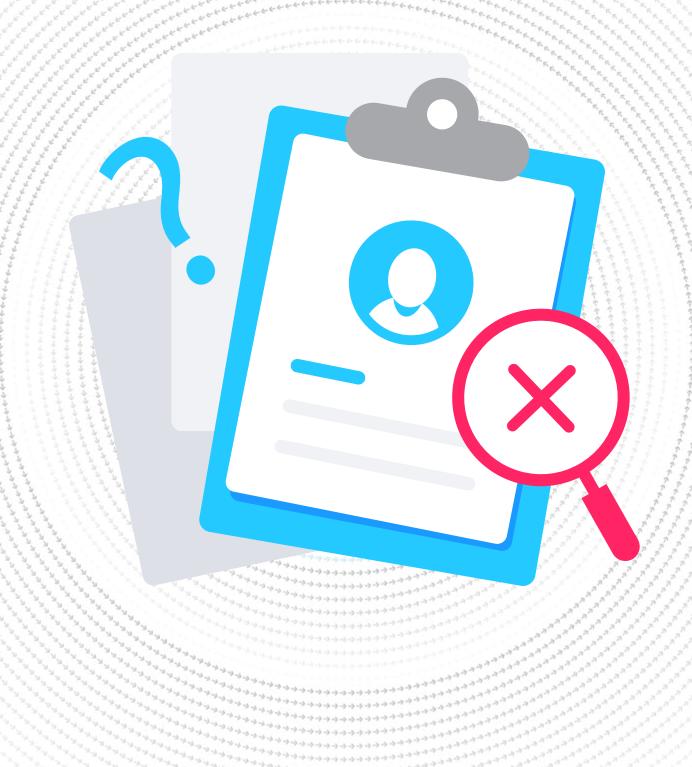


Modern Screening Challenges

Not having a consolidated and comprehensive understanding of a customer leads to inaccurate screening. Insufficient customer profiles can potentially result in high false positive hits or missed positive watch list matches.

Disconnects between screening and CDD can introduce unnecessary risk and impact the accuracy of the customer risk score.





Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

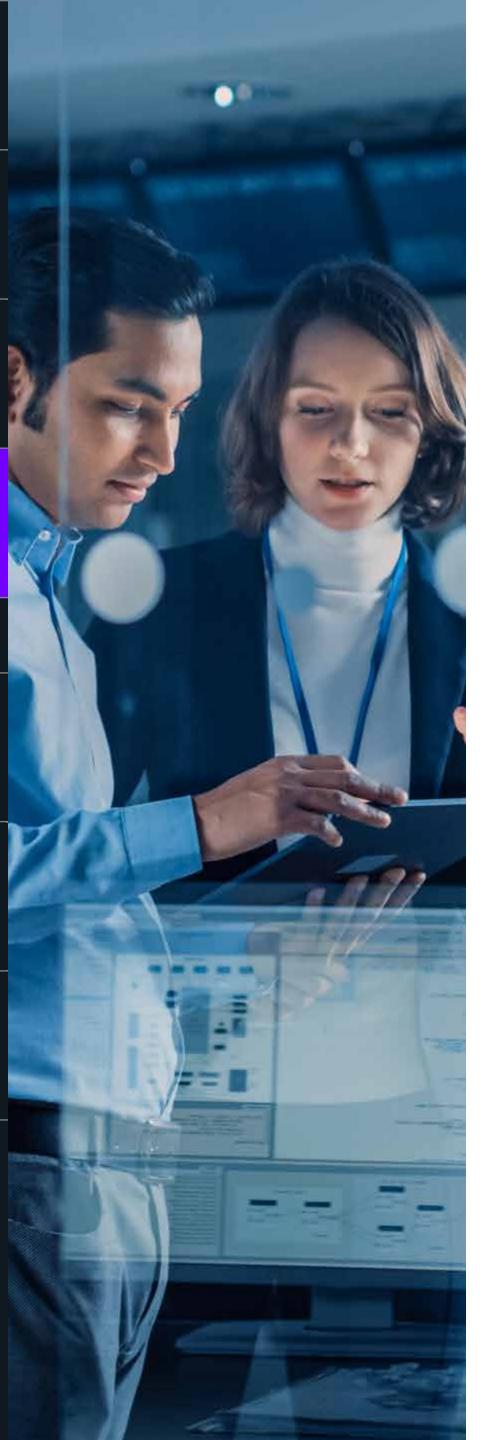
Focus Area 4: Screen



Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change





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Considerations for Screening

Effective screening requires accurate customer data. Some questions to evaluate your screening efforts are:

- How do you ensure that customers and related parties are being screened correctly?
- How do you integrate your screening results into your CDD process?
- How integrated are your CDD and screening teams, and do they need to be integrated?
- What automation exists in your customer screening process during CDD?
- How often is your screening data updated?
- Does your screening system contain the right watchlist data you want to screen your customers against?

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



Tight integration between CDD and screening solutions is essential for a seamless, effective, and compliant onboarding and ongoing CDD process. Using the latest advances in technology, your Fl can achieve a tight, harmonious integration between these solutions. An ongoing and automatic feedback loop ensures always–accurate identification of customers on watch lists and a continuous assessment of customers' risk based on results.



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

Appropriate customer risk scoring is the fundamental outcome of taking a risk-based approach. Customer risk scoring determines how the relationship is managed throughout the customer life cycle, how stringent the monitoring needs to be, and ultimately, how much the customer will cost the business to effectively manage the risk of maintaining the relationship.



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Elements of Customer Risk Scoring

Typically, customers are rated low, medium, or high risk, and the level of due diligence performed is based on the risk level. For some low-risk customers, simplified due diligence (SDD) is applied, such as for publicly listed companies that have already been thoroughly vetted. Other low risk, and most medium risk customers, receive standard CDD. High-risk customers, and those who meet other defined criteria, such as specific industries or respondent banks, are subject to enhanced due diligence (EDD). With EDD, Fls apply more rigorous and frequent due diligence checks.

Typical Organizational Defined Review Periods



Very high-risk customer review

6 months

1 year

High-risk customer review

2-3 years

Medium-risk customer review

3-5 years

Low-risk customer review

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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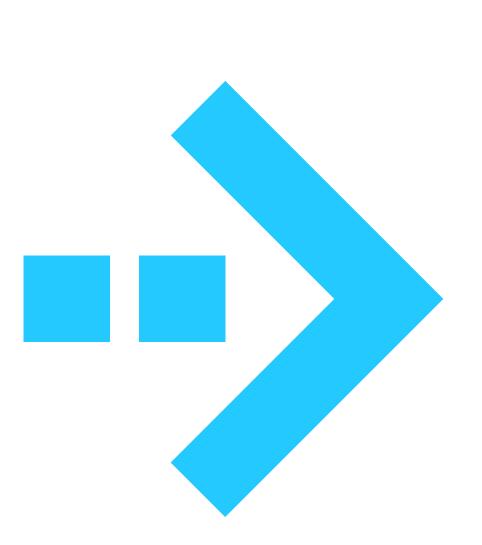
Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

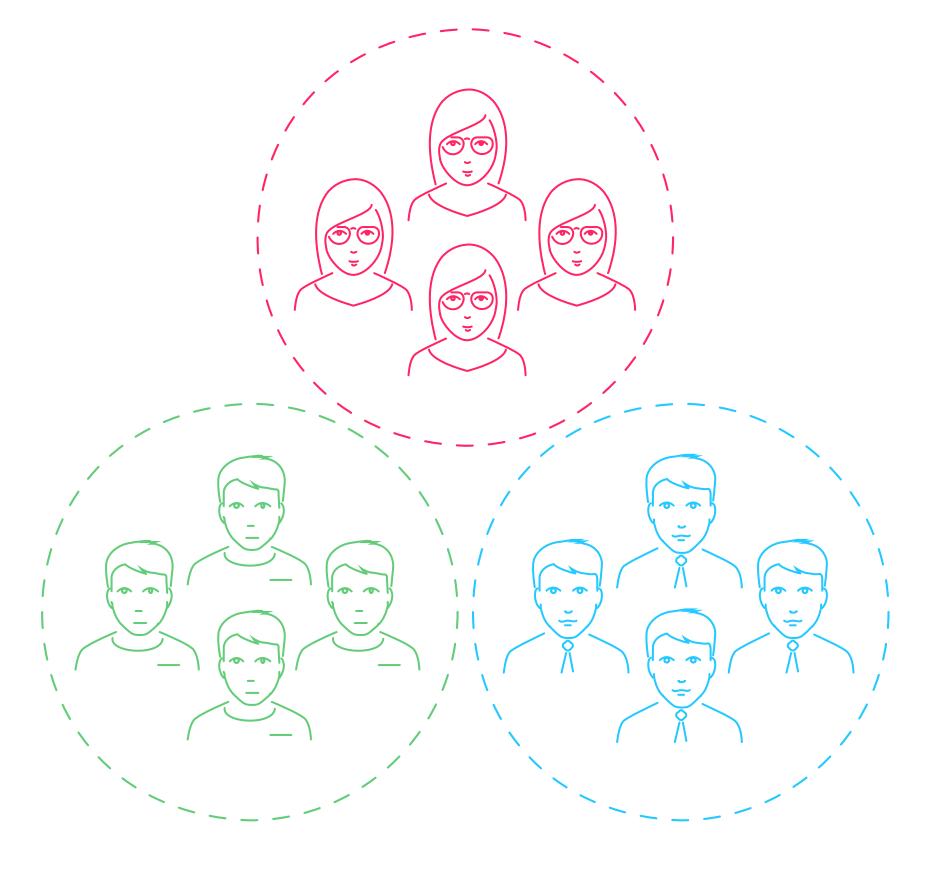
Focus Area 6: Review

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Segmentation enables Fls to apply a more targeted approach to risk scoring and effectively perform ongoing due diligence. With segmentation, Fls group customers based on customer type, such as retail or corporate, along with other factors that are taken into account during customer risk assessments.





Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

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Fls take a range of factors into account when determining risk levels, such as:



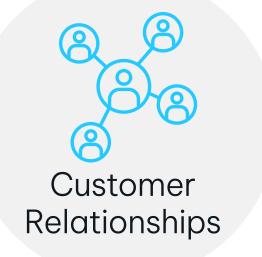








Customer History



Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

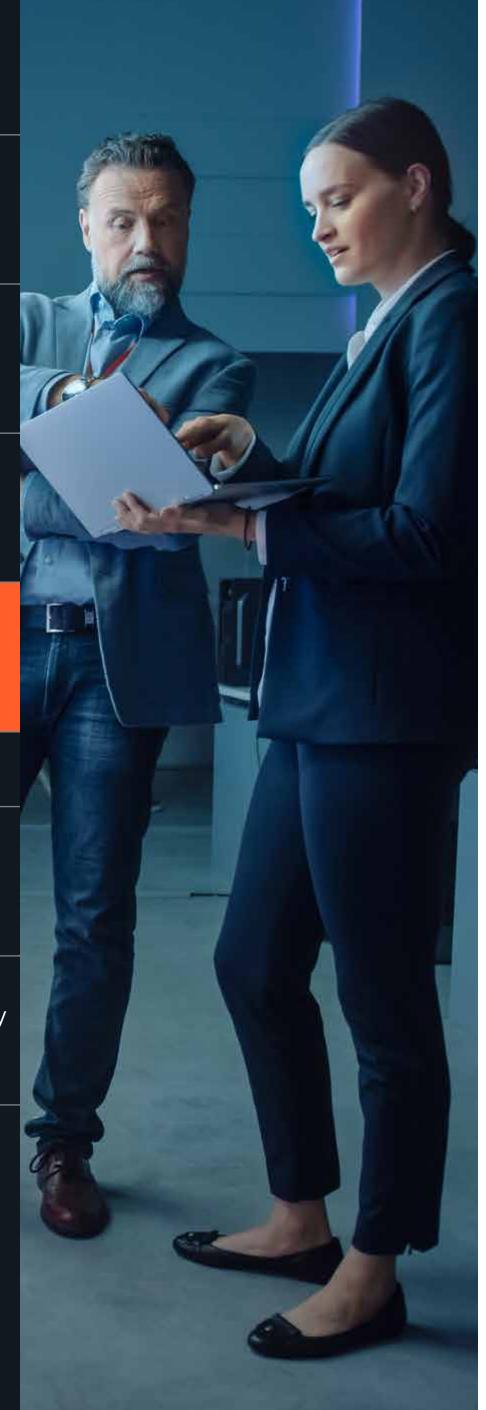
Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers



Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change







Considerations for Your Customer Risk Assessments

Customer risk assessments are not only important for due diligence efforts but also to manage your firm's risk appetite. Some example questions to gauge the effectiveness of your risk scoring processes include:

- How often do you update your CDD policies and procedures and your customer risk profile?
- When did you last review the risk parameters in your CDD solution?
- What information is used to inform your customer risk score, and is it comprehensive enough?
- What is your FI's risk appetite?
- What customers require EDD?
- Is the level of due diligence each customer is subject to clear in your policies and procedures?
- Is the requested service or product appropriate for the customer's risk level?
- What is the customer distribution among the risk levels?

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

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Focus Area 6: Review



Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



When analysts don't have all the critical customer information, it's impossible to make informed decisions. Lack of the necessary data can lead to approval based on incorrect customer risk assessments, which could result in the following challenges:

- The wrong level of due diligence and ongoing risk monitoring being performed
- High workload on needless reviews, resulting in a high-cost CDD program and potentially increased customer friction due to unnecessary outreach
- High-risk customers being missed and monitored incorrectly
- Suspicious activity not being identified and going unchecked



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score Customers

Focus Area 6: Review

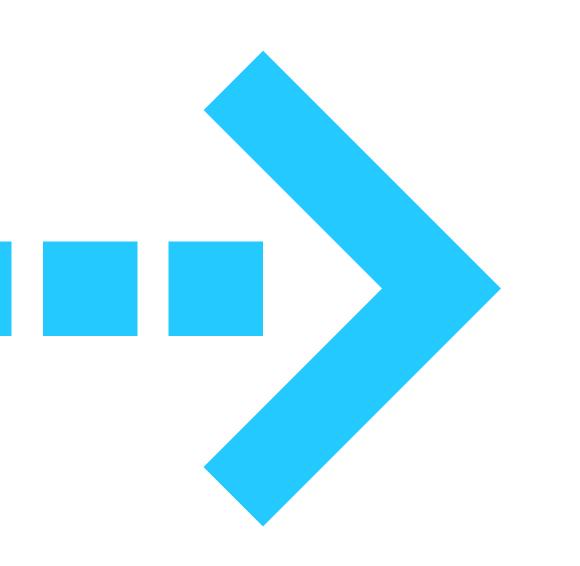


Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change



During a customer risk assessment, analysts need to:

- Confirm the completeness and accuracy of the data
- Validate the customer's risk level is correctly assigned based on the extensive risk information available





Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

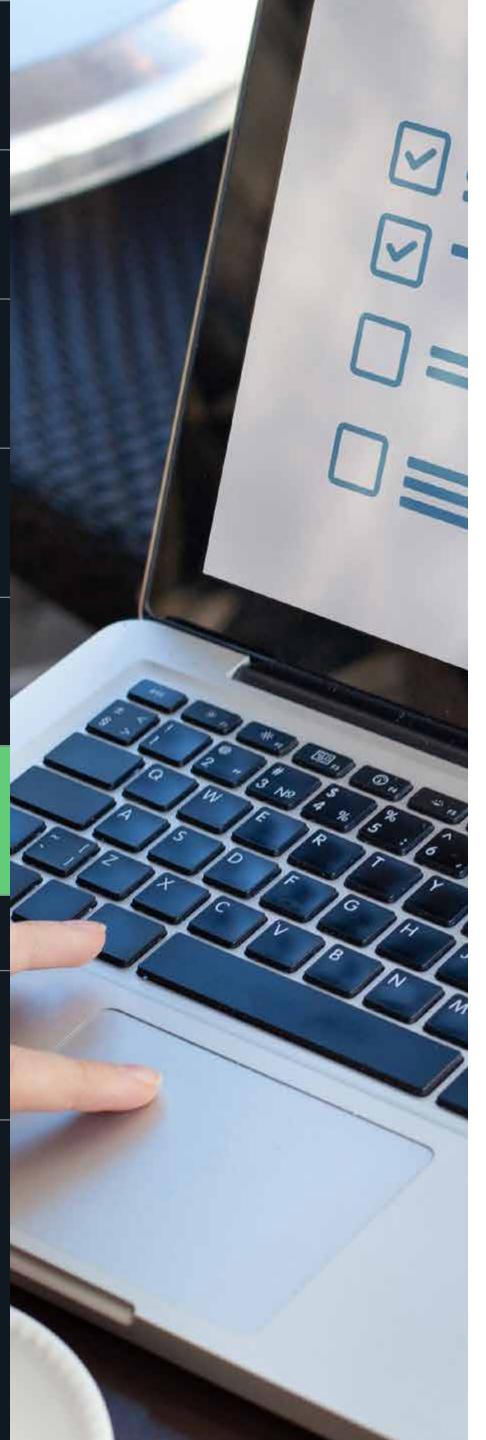
Focus Area 4: Screen

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Focus Area 6: Review



Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change







Considerations for Effective Reviews

Organizations can assess the quality and effectiveness of customer reviews by asking the following questions:

- What information is available to assess the customer?
- What training have the analysts had in KYC/CDD reviews, and is it sufficient?
- How long do customer reviews take?
- What is delaying timely and accurate customer reviews?
- How can gaps or risks in customer reviews be mitigated, including reduction of human error?
- How are customer review decisions being audited?
- Are unnecessary reviews being conducted?
- How can unnecessary reviews be reduced?

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

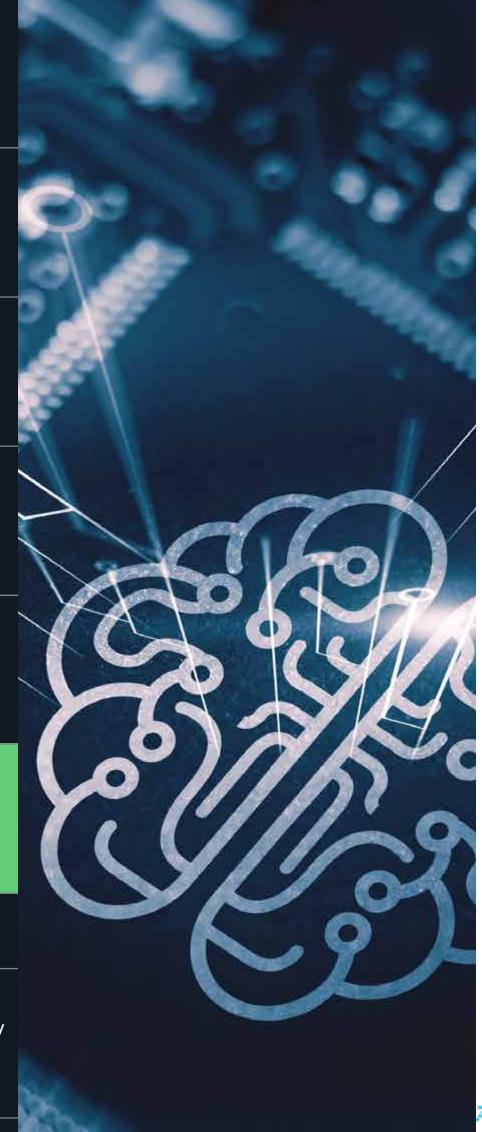
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Seven Key Focus Areas to Drive Effective KYC/CDD



Effective CDD Assessment and Review

Automation, data intelligence, and Al can dramatically increase the effectiveness and efficiency of the customer review process.

Correctly implemented, technology enables organizations to decrease the time onboarding and remediation takes, increase the accuracy of decision making, and limit customer friction. By modernizing and standardizing your CDD review processes, you can create a consistent

process that yields higher results, reduces workload, and minimizes human error. Ultimately, a modernized CDD program will reduce review time, reduce costs, mitigate risk, and increase productivity.



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Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change

Periodic KYC checks follow set intervals, typically based on the customer's risk level. However, this approach adds unnecessary risk, as changes in a customer's risk level may go unknown for years.

With this approach, all customers are reviewed on a rolling basis. Not only can this be time consuming, but it also often yields no tangible benefits for many customers, as in many cases, nothing has changed.

A historical lack of integration means not all risks are considered, leading to inaccuracies in risk assessments. A lack of native third-party data integration can leave customer profiles inaccurate, with missing or outdated information. Changes in transactional activity and fraud events are rarely considered during periodic KYC checks, leaving valuable data unaccounted for in risk scoring.

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

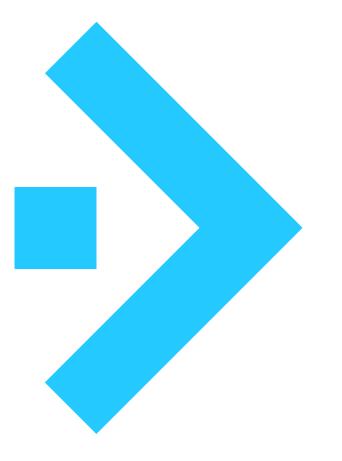
Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change





Historically, most Fls have taken a periodic approach to KYC. However, now more firms are switching to taking a more proactive approach with perpetual KYC (pKYC), or event-driven KYC, with periodic KYC used as a backup for when events don't occur.



Periodic KYC

- KYC checks follow set intervals
- Customers are only reassessed to determine if the risk level has changed during remediation
- Reactive, static approach
- Manually intensive and time consuming



Perpetual KYC

- KYC checks are event driven
- Customer risk score is reassessed when real-time changes are identified, which impact the customer profile or risk (such as change in address)
- Proactive, risk-based approach
- Near real-time results



Focus Area 1: Capture Critical

Customer Information

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

Focus Area 6: Review

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Tight integration between your CDD, screening, transaction monitoring, and other relevant solutions provides multiple benefits and is essential for a comprehensive risk assessment of a customer.

Integration between compliance solutions creates a feedback loop, ensuring relevant risk data such as fraud incidents, screening hits, or high-risk changes in transactional activity are fed into CDD to reassess the customer risk score.

The feedback loop should work both ways, with risk information from CDD being automatically shared with other risk and compliance systems. This ensures that they have the correct customer information to accurately monitor for appropriate risks.



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Considerations for Your Approach to KYC

Some considerations to evaluate KYC effectiveness:

- How integrated are your risk and compliance solutions with CDD?
- How often do you risk rate your customers?
- What, if any, risk events trigger a reassessment of your customers' risk?
- What gaps exist in the current system?
- What information is considered when remediating customers?
- Is the remediation process automated?
- Have you adopted a perpetual KYC approach in your firm?
- What limitations does your current system have?
- What is your future strategy when it comes to perpetual KYC?

Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

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Achieving Perpetual KYC

Perpetual KYC is a Necessity for Effective CDD

Only with seamless and automated harmonization between risk and compliance solutions and CDD can you achieve perpetual KYC.

To truly understand and manage risk, firms need to fully understand customers at all times throughout the customer life cycle. The only way to do this is to use data from multiple sources, both internal and external, on an ongoing, perpetual basis. Fls cannot wait years before a risk change is identified—they need an automated way to continually monitor for changes, adjust the risk score accordingly, and take appropriate action to manage the risk. Shared, accurate, and up-to-date information is critical to achieving effective perpetual KYC.



Focus Area 3: Ensure **Consolidated Entity Profiles**

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor **Continuously for Change**





Seven Key Areas to Focus on for Effective KYC/CDD

There are many elements that go into creating a successful CDD program. Critically, Fls must ensure they fully understand their customers and their risk. To accomplish this, they need to have access to the right data, and have the right processes, procedures, and systems in place to derive an accurate customer profile and risk score. It's also imperative to have a continuous feedback loop to ensure customer risk scores are always accurate. By following these seven steps, Fls can achieve more effective CDD and remain compliant, while increasing efficiency, reducing risk, and minimizing friction in the customer experience.



Perpetual KYC



Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

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Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change





What area do you need to focus on today?

NICE Actimize is an experienced technology partner who can help you improve your CDD program. Discover how our CDD solution can improve the customer experience while minimizing risk across these areas:

Onboarding Perpetual KYC Review **Capture Critical** Enrich Risk Score Monitor Screen Ensure and Validate Customer Consolidated Continuously Customers **Entity Profiles** for Change Information







Focus Area 2: Enrich and Validate

Focus Area 3: Ensure Consolidated Entity Profiles

Focus Area 4: Screen

Focus Area 5: Risk Score

Focus Area 6: Review

Focus Area 7: Monitor Continuously for Change

Start your journey to more effective CDD today



About NICE Actimize

NICE Actimize is the largest and broadest provider of financial crime, risk and compliance solutions for regional and global financial institutions, as well as government regulators. Consistently ranked as number one in the space, NICE Actimize experts apply innovative technology to protect institutions and safeguard consumers and investors assets by identifying financial crime, preventing fraud and providing regulatory compliance. The company provides real-time, cross-channel fraud prevention, antimoney laundering detection, and trading surveillance solutions that address such concerns as payment fraud, cybercrime, sanctions monitoring, market abuse, customer due diligence and insider trading.

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